# DYNAMICS OF STAKEHOLDERS PARTICIPATION RELEVANT TO REMEDIATION PROGRAM

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#### Rationale

- Remediation is part of public call. Stakeholders agreed to protect environmental (and social) interests as components of sustainability of livelihood systems
- Public call was then wrapped up into standards, and due diligent
- Issues:
  - Diversity in understanding on remediation concepts
  - Remediation: is it part of own individual and organization needs?
  - Where are multistakeholders' functions?
  - How to manage the dynamics of stakeholders perspective and positions in the long run?

## FSC REMEDY FRAMEWORK

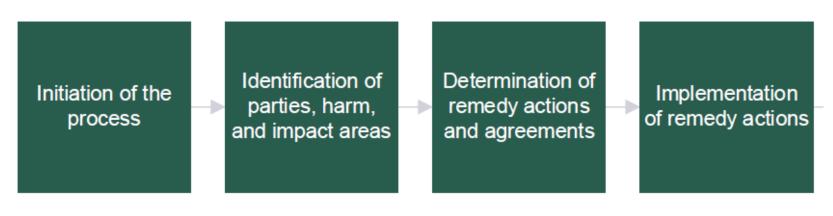
FSC-PRO-01-007 V1-0 EN

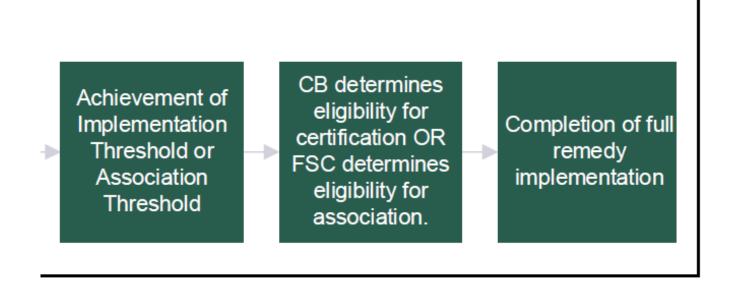
Enabling certification and association

Governed by the Policy to Address Conversion V1-0 and the Policy for the

Association of Organizations with FSC V2-0

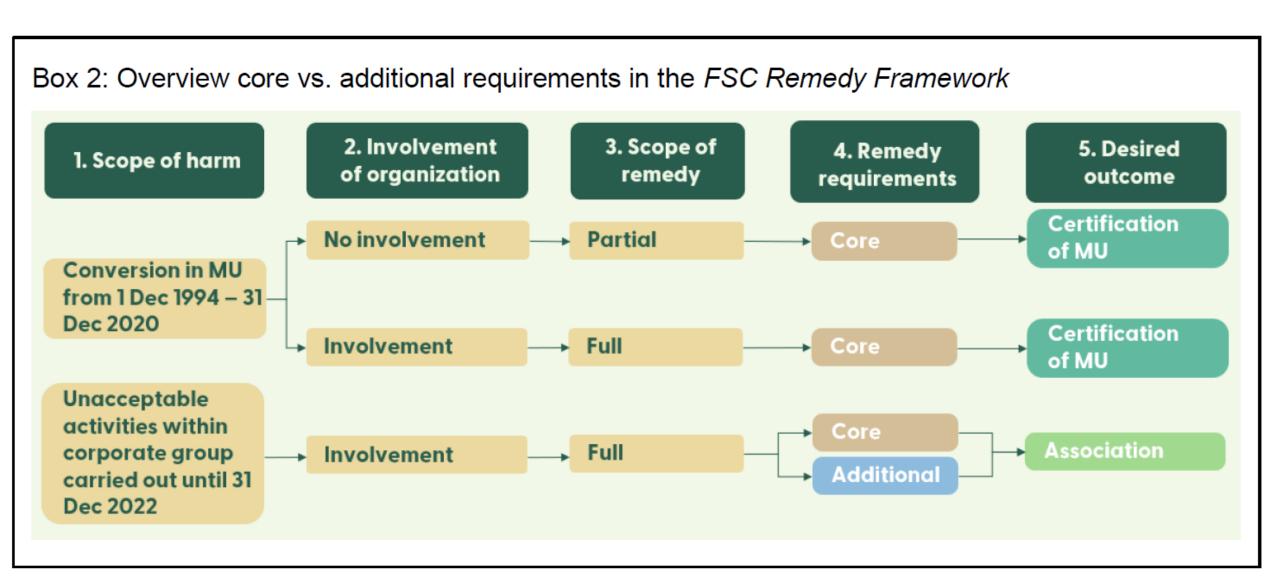
#### Box 1: Basic outline of the FSC Remedy Framework



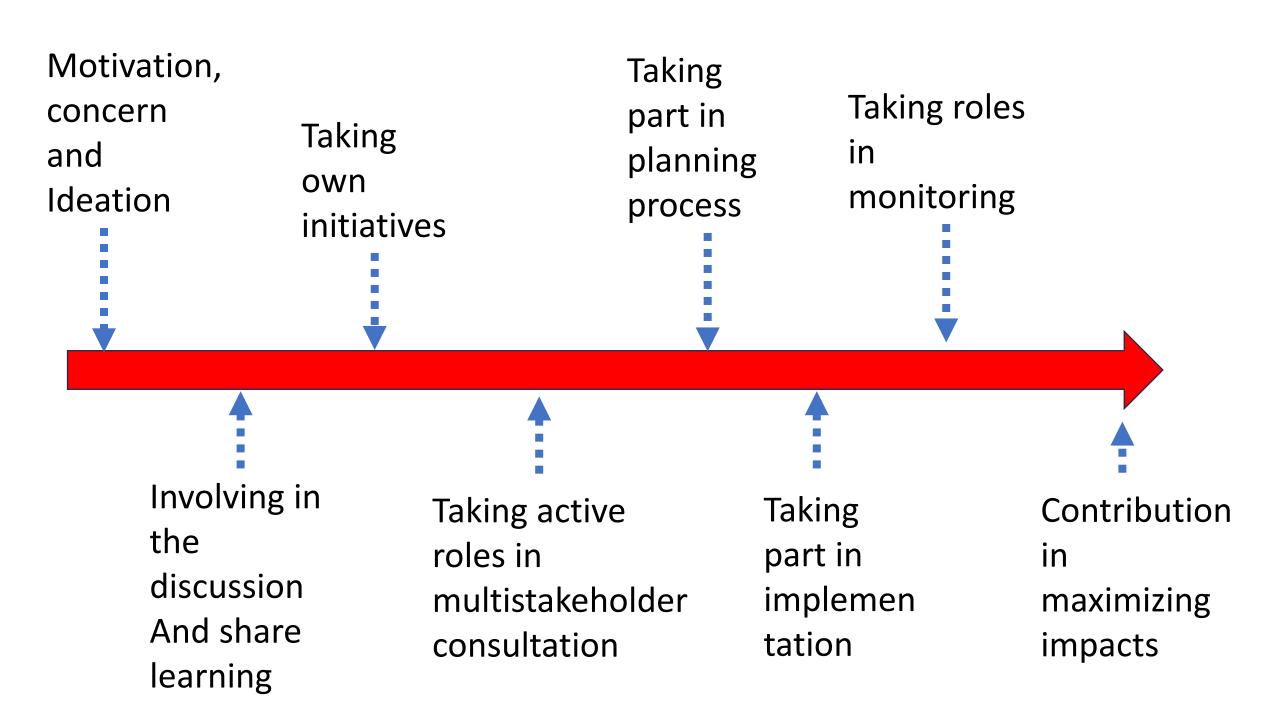


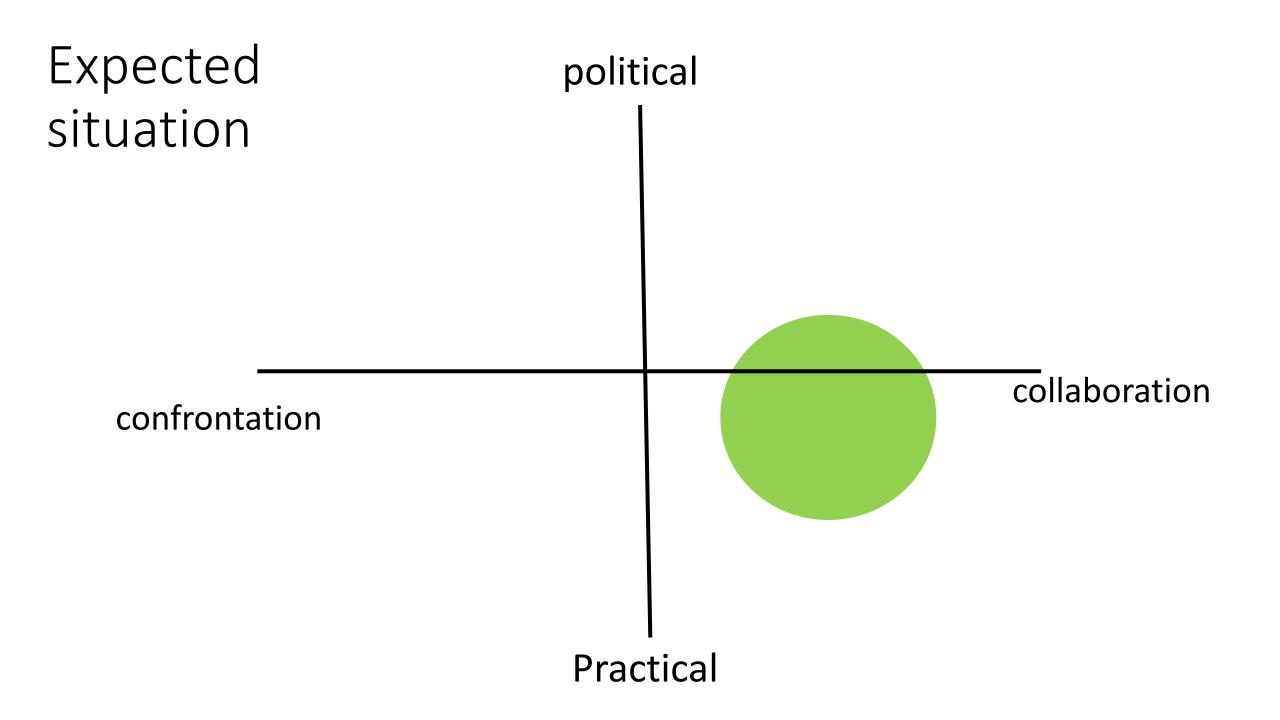
What about economic and business remediation?

#### Requirements



## Anatomy of stakeholders' engagement





#### Representativeness (assumed)

- Representing public Where is the government?
   KPH?
- Representing association, group
- Representing own organization
- Representing individual interests

#### Area of concerns

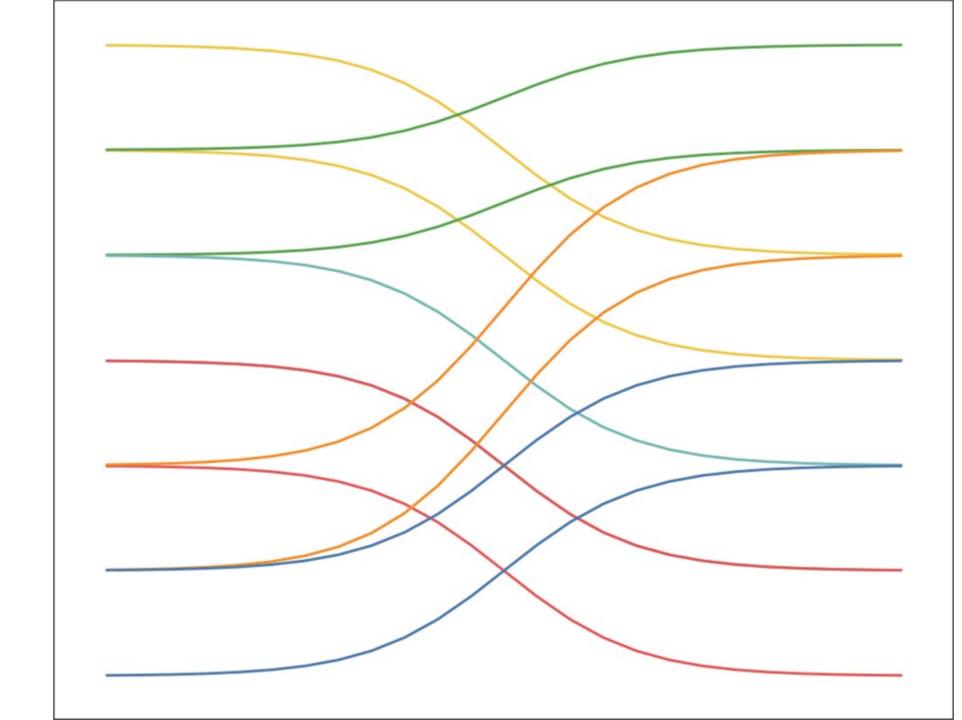
- HCVF or Deforestation?
- Threats to public interests
- Sustainability definition, unit of sustainability, association
- Equitability between the big and the small
- Voices of the rightholders
- Rules of the games
- Compliance to laws and regulations
- Resistance of big players

## Mapping on utility functions embedded at stakeholders

- Public utilization function
- Group/association utilization functions
- Institutional/organization utilization function
- Individual utilization function

→ ARE THEY COMPATIBLE WITH FSC UTILISATION FUNCTION?

Illustration of multiple utilization functions



## Stages of stakeholders' consultation and engagement

Identification,
determination,
management,
monitoring and
evaluation of HCVF

Dynamics of HCVF
Lost and Harm

Identification,
determination, planning,
implementation,,
monitoring and
evaluation of HCVF
remediation

(I) MOTIVATION, IDEATION,
INITIATION; (II)
INTERPREATION AND
KNOWLEDGE; (III) ROLES IN
PLANNING AND
IMPLEMENTATION; (IV)
MONITORING AND
EVALLUATION OF
STAKEHOLDERS A

(I) CONCERNS; (II)
INTERPRETATION AND
KNOWLEDGE; (III) ROLES IN
MONITORING AND
EVALLUATION OF
STAKEHOLDERS B

(I) MOTIVATION, IDEATION,
INITIATION; (II)
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PLANNING AND
IMPLEMENTATION; (IV)
MONITORING AND
EVALLUATION OF
STAKEHOLDERS B

Motivation, concern and Ideation on **HCVF** 

Taking own initiatives on identifying HCVF.

Taking part in planning process on managing HCVF

Taking roles in monitoring HCVF loss and harm

Involving in the discussion And share learning on HCVF



Taking active roles in multistakeholder consultation on identifying HCVF





#### Remedial measures

- Like to like
- Restoration: mapping unit size, landscape size
- One on one replacement
- Mimicking natural setting

## What to be expected from multi-stakeholder consultation?

- Mapping of stakeholders dynamics (expectations, objections, interests, attitude, power fields, ...)
- Common understanding, categories of understandings, diverse understanding
- Mapping on Negligence, concerns, pushy, complaints, willingness to listen to others' opinion, willingness to support
- Identifying action space for the remedial actions
- Formulating stakeholders dynamics of development and perspectives

#### Principles of multi-stakeholders forums

- Competitiveness, diversity
- Communication, Diplomacy and Negotiation
- Willingness to collaborate

When multistakeholders' processes are not well governed and managed, impacts to successful remediation (for April, FSC and relevant parties) are limited. We will only witness the same arguments from time to time

### THANK YOU